



Computing Progression Map



	Connecting Systems and Networks	Creating Media	Data and Information	Programming
EYFS	<p>To identify types of technology in home and in school</p> <p>To experiment with different types of technology and understand their purpose</p> <p>To develop the use of keyboard and mouse to input</p>	<p>To use technology to create pictures</p> <p>To use technology to produce writing/mark making</p> <p>To talk about what has been produced and say what went well and even better if.</p>	<p>To begin to be able to label objects</p> <p>To begin to be able to identify that objects can be counted</p> <p>To begin to be able to count objects with the same properties</p> <p>To compare groups of objects</p> <p>To answer questions about groups of objects</p>	<p>To explain what a given command will do</p> <p>To combine 2 direction commands to make a sequence</p> <p>To begin to plan a simple program</p> <p>To identify the effect of changing an instruction.</p>
Y1	<p>To identify technology</p> <p>To identify a computer and its main parts</p> <p>To use a mouse in different ways</p> <p>To use a keyboard to type</p> <p>To use the keyboard to edit text</p> <p>To create rules for using technology responsibly</p>	<p>To describe what different freehand tools do</p> <p>To use the shape tool and the line tools</p> <p>To make careful choices when painting a digital picture</p> <p>To explain why I chose the tools I used</p> <p>To use a computer on my own to paint a picture</p> <p>To compare painting a picture on a computer and on paper</p> <p>To use a computer to write</p> <p>To add and remove text on a computer</p> <p>To identify that the look of text can be changed on a computer</p> <p>To make careful choices when changing text</p> <p>To explain why I used the tools that I chose</p> <p>To compare writing on a computer with writing on paper</p>	<p>To label objects</p> <p>To identify that objects can be counted</p> <p>To describe objects in different ways</p> <p>To count objects with the same properties</p> <p>To compare groups of objects</p> <p>To answer questions about groups of objects</p>	<p>To explain what a given command will do</p> <p>To act out a given word</p> <p>To combine forwards and backwards commands to make a sequence</p> <p>To combine four direction commands to make sequences</p> <p>To plan a simple program</p> <p>To find more than one solution to a problem</p> <p>To choose a command for a given purpose</p> <p>To show that a series of commands can be joined together</p> <p>To identify the effect of changing a value</p> <p>To explain that each sprite has its own instructions</p> <p>To design the parts of a project</p> <p>To use my algorithm to create a program</p>



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Y2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To recognise the uses and features of information technologyTo identify information technology in the homeTo identify information technology beyond schoolTo explain how information technology benefits usTo show how to use information technology safelyTo recognise that choices are made when using information technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To know what devices can be used to take photographsTo use a digital device to take a photographTo describe what makes a good photographTo decide how photographs can be improvedTo use tools to change an imageTo recognise that images can be changedTo say how music can make us feelTo identify that there are patterns in musicTo describe how music can be used in different waysTo show how music is made from a series of notesTo create music for a purposeTo review and refine our computer work	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally chartsTo recognise that objects can be represented as picturesTo create a pictogramTo select objects by attribute and make comparisonsTo recognise that people can be described by attributesTo explain that we can present information using a computer	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To describe a series of instructions as a sequenceTo explain what happens when we change the order of instructionsTo use logical reasoning to predict the outcome of a program (series of commands)To explain that programming projects can have code and artworkTo design an algorithmTo create and debug a program that I have writtenTo explain that a sequence of commands has a startTo explain that a sequence of commands has an outcomeTo create a program using a given designTo change a given designTo create a program using my own designTo decide how my project can be improved



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Y3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To explain how digital devices functionTo identify input and output devicesTo recognise how digital devices can change the way we workTo explain how a computer network can be used to share informationTo explore how digital devices can be connectedTo recognise the physical components of a network	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To explain that animation is a sequence of drawings or photographsTo relate animated movement with a sequence of imagesTo plan an animationTo identify the need to work consistently and carefullyTo review and improve an animationTo evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animationTo recognise how text and images convey informationTo recognise that text and layout can be editedTo choose appropriate page settingsTo add content to a desktop publishing publicationTo consider how different layouts can suit different purposesTo consider the benefits of desktop publishing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To create questions with yes/no answersTo identify the object attributes needed to collect relevant dataTo create a branching databaseTo explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structuredTo identify objects using a branching databaseTo compare the information shown in a pictogram with a branching database	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To explore a new programming environmentTo identify that commands have an outcomeTo explain that a program has a startTo recognise that a sequence of commands can have an orderTo change the appearance of my projectTo create a project from a task descriptionTo explain how a sprite moves in an existing projectTo create a program to move a sprite in four directionsTo adapt a program to a new contextTo develop my program by adding featuresTo identify and fix bugs in a programTo design and create a maze-based challenge
Y4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To describe how networks physically connect to other networksTo recognise how networked devices make up the internetTo outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide WebTo describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide WebTo recognise how the content of the WWW is created by peopleTo evaluate the consequences of unreliable content	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To identify that sound can be digitally recordedTo use a digital device to record soundTo explain that a digital recording is stored as a fileTo explain that audio can be changed through editingTo show that different types of audio can be combined and played togetherTo evaluate editing choices madeTo explain that digital images can be changedTo change the composition of an imageTo describe how images can be changed for different usesTo make good choices when selecting different toolsTo recognise that not all images are realTo evaluate how changes can improve an image	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questionsTo use a digital device to collect data automaticallyTo explain that a data logger collects 'data points' from sensors over timeTo use data collected over a long duration to find informationTo identify the data needed to answer questionsTo use collected data to answer questions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To identify that accuracy in programming is importantTo create a program in a text-based languageTo explain what 'repeat' meansTo modify a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcomeTo decompose a program into partsTo create a program that uses count-controlled loops to produce a given outcomeTo develop the use of count-controlled loops in a different programming environmentTo explain that in programming there are infinite loops and count controlled loopsTo develop a design which includes two or more loops which run at the same timeTo modify an infinite loop in a given programTo design a project that includes repetitionTo create a project that includes repetition



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Y5	<p>To explain that computers can be connected together to form systems</p> <p>To recognise the role of computer systems in our lives</p> <p>To recognise how information is transferred over the internet</p> <p>To explain how sharing information online lets people in different places work together</p> <p>To contribute to a shared project online</p> <p>To evaluate different ways of working together online</p>	<p>To recognise video as moving pictures, which can include audio</p> <p>To identify digital devices that can record video</p> <p>To capture video using a digital device</p> <p>To recognise the features of an effective video</p> <p>To identify that video can be improved through reshooting and editing</p> <p>To consider the impact of the choices made when making and sharing a video</p> <p>To identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomes</p> <p>To create a vector drawing by combining shapes</p> <p>To use tools to achieve a desired effect</p> <p>To recognise that vector drawings consist of layers</p> <p>To group objects to make them easier to work with</p> <p>To evaluate my vector drawing</p>	<p>To use a form to record information</p> <p>To compare paper and computer-based databases</p> <p>To outline how grouping and then sorting data allows us to answer questions</p> <p>To explain that tools can be used to select specific data</p> <p>To explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually</p> <p>To apply my knowledge of a database to ask and answer real-world questions</p>	<p>To control a simple circuit connected to a computer</p> <p>To write a program that includes count-controlled loops</p> <p>To explain that a loop can stop when a condition is met, eg number of times</p> <p>To conclude that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been met</p> <p>To design a physical project that includes selection</p> <p>To create a controllable system that includes selection</p> <p>To explain how selection is used in computer programs</p> <p>To relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcome</p> <p>To explain how selection directs the flow of a program</p> <p>To design a program which uses selection</p> <p>To create a program which uses selection</p> <p>To evaluate my program</p>
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	Connecting Systems and Networks	Creating Media	Data and Information	Programming
Y6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To identify how to use a search engineTo describe how search engines select resultsTo explain how search results are rankedTo recognise why the order of results is important, and to whomTo recognise how we communicate using technologyTo evaluate different methods of online communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To review an existing website and consider its structureTo plan the features of a web pageTo consider the ownership and use of images (copyright)To recognise the need to preview pagesTo outline the need for a navigation pathTo recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other peopleTo use a computer to create and manipulate three-dimensional (3D) digital objectsTo compare working digitally with 2D and 3D graphicsTo construct a digital 3D model of a physical objectTo identify that physical objects can be broken down into a collection of 3D shapesTo design a digital model by combining 3D objectsTo develop and improve a digital 3D model	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To identify questions which can be answered using dataTo explain that objects can be described using dataTo explain that formulas can be used to produce calculated dataTo apply formulas to data, including duplicatingTo create a spreadsheet to plan an eventTo choose suitable ways to present data	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To define a 'variable' as something that is changeableTo explain why a variable is used in a programTo choose how to improve a game by using variablesTo design a project that builds on a given exampleTo use my design to create a projectTo evaluate my projectTo create a program to run on a controllable deviceTo explain that selection can control the flow of a programTo update a variable with a user inputTo use an conditional statement to compare a variable to a valueTo design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable deviceTo develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device
KS3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To create a memorable and secure password for an account on the school networkTo remember the rules of the computing labTo find personal documents and common applicationsTo recognise a respectful emailTo construct an effective email and send it to the correct recipientsTo describe how to communicate with peers onlineTo plan effective presentations for a given audienceTo describe cyberbullyingTo explain the effects of cyberbullying	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To describe what HTML isTo use HTML to structure static web pagesTo modify HTML tags using inline styling to improve the appearance of web pagesTo display images within a web pageTo apply HTML tags to construct a web page structure from a provided designTo describe what CSS isTo use CSS to style static web pagesTo assess the benefits of using CSS to style pages instead of in-line formattingTo describe what a search engine isTo explain how search engines 'crawl' through the World Wide Web and how they select and rank resultsTo analyse how search engines select and rank results when searches are made	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To identify columns, rows, cells, and cell references in spreadsheet softwareTo use formatting techniques in a spreadsheetTo use basic formulas with cell references to perform calculations in a spreadsheet (+, -, *, /)To use the autofill tool to replicate cell dataTo explain the difference between data and informationTo explain the difference between primary and secondary sources of dataTo collect data	<ul style="list-style-type: none">To compare how humans and computers understand instructions (understand and carry out)To define a sequence as instructions performed in order, with each executed in turnTo predict the outcome of a simple sequenceTo modify a sequenceTo define a variable as a name that refers to data being stored by the computerTo recognise that computers follow the control flow of input/process/outputTo predict the outcome of a simple sequence that includes variablesTo trace the values of variables within a sequenceTo make a sequence that includes a variable



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	<p>To check who you are talking to online</p> <p>To define 'protocol' and provide examples of non-networking protocols</p>	<p>To use search technologies effectively</p> <p>To discuss the impact of search technologies and the issues that arise by the way they function and the way they are used</p> <p>To create hyperlinks to allow users to navigate between multiple web pages</p> <p>To discuss issues of safety and security from a technological perspective</p> <p>To discuss the impact of networking technologies and services</p>	<p>To create appropriate charts in a spreadsheet</p> <p>To use the functions SUM, COUNTA, MAX, and MIN in a spreadsheet</p> <p>To analyse data</p> <p>To use a spreadsheet to sort and filter data</p> <p>To use the functions AVERAGE, COUNTIF, and IF in a spreadsheet</p> <p>To use conditional formatting in a spreadsheet</p> <p>To apply all of the spreadsheet skills covered in this unit</p>	<p>To define a condition as an expression that will be evaluated as either true or false</p> <p>To identify that selection uses conditions to control the flow of a sequence</p> <p>To identify where selection statements can be used in a program</p> <p>To modify a program to include selection</p> <p>To create conditions that use comparison operators (>,<=)</p> <p>To create conditions that use logic operators (and/or/not)</p> <p>To identify where selection statements can be used in a program that include comparison and logical operators</p> <p>To define iteration as a group of instructions that are repeatedly executed</p> <p>To describe the need for iteration</p> <p>To identify where count-controlled iteration can be used in a program</p> <p>To implement count-controlled iteration in a program</p> <p>To detect and correct errors in a program (debugging)</p> <p>To independently design and apply programming constructs to solve a problem (subroutine, selection, count-controlled iteration, operators, and variables)</p>
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